

## WP 8 – COMPARATIVE AND PRESCRIPTIVE ANALYSIS

The project focuses on 11 different countries with 14 partners and on four thematic areas with three level of analysis. This constitutes a complex matrix in terms of analysis and requires a concentrated attempt at integration. WP8 aims to revisit the research findings obtained in the other WPs (1-7) and to elaborate on trends, patterns and drivers in the research of mass migration, its governance and changes over time. WP8 will identify the range of domestic, regional, international factors, actors, interests and interactions involved in mass migration. It seeks to use the research results presented in the integrated reports of each of these WPs in order to:

- conduct unit-based comparative analysis, including studies between countries, groups, as levels as well as within and across regions;
- conduct theme/variable-based comparison, covering causes, processes, consequences of specific policy types (border control, reception, protection and integration);
- reconceptualize the main categories for studying mass migration;
- visualise categories in the form of tables, charts, graphs;
- make generalizations and delineate exceptional cases.

Moreover, WP8 will help to promote the theoretical development and theory refinement of mass migration response policies. Thus, it will contribute to theories of refugee and forced migration studies, ideally with conceptualization of the notion of governance of mass migration and reflection on causal links. Looking at this comprehensive picture we will be able to evaluate whether or not the notion of a single global regime for forced migrants remains analytically coherent or politically relevant.

### **Deliverables**

- Prescriptive report on migration governance
- Comparative report on migration governance